

VECTOR CALCULUS - Divergence of Curl



Ex : Prove that $\text{div}(\text{curl } \vec{f})$ is zero

$$\vec{f} = f_1 \vec{i} + f_2 \vec{j} + f_3 \vec{k}$$

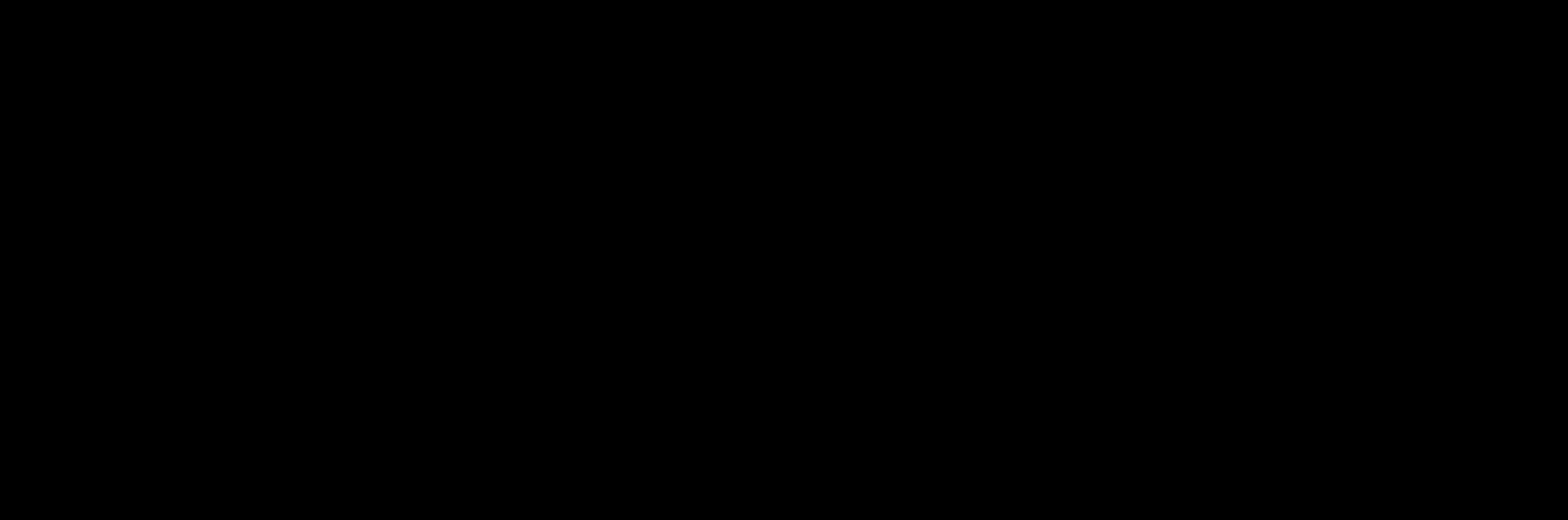
$$\text{div } \vec{f} = \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f_3}{\partial z}$$

$$\text{curl } \vec{f} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ f_1 & f_2 & f_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \vec{i} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial y} (f_3) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (f_2) \right] - \vec{j} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (f_3) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (f_1) \right] + \vec{k} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (f_2) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (f_1) \right]$$

$$\text{div}(\text{curl } \vec{f}) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[\frac{\partial f_3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial z} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[-\frac{\partial f_3}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial z} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left[\frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial y} \right]$$





Curl of Grad $\phi = 0$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} \phi) = 0$$

$$\therefore \vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} \phi) = \vec{\nabla} \times \left(\hat{i} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} + \hat{j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} + \hat{k} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\nabla \times (\nabla \phi) = 0$$

$$\therefore \nabla \times (\nabla \phi) = \nabla \times \left(\hat{i} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} + \hat{j} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} + \hat{k} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \hat{i} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right) \right\} + \hat{j} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \right) \right\} \\
 & \quad + \hat{k} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right) \right\} \\
 = & \hat{i} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y \partial z} - \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial z \partial y} \right\} + \hat{j} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial z \partial x} - \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x \partial z} \right\} \\
 & \quad + \hat{k} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y \partial x} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \hat{i} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right) \right\} + \hat{j} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \right) \right\} \\
&\quad + \hat{k} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right) \right\} \\
&= \hat{i} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y \partial z} - \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial z \partial y} \right\} + \hat{j} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial z \partial x} - \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x \partial z} \right\} \\
&\quad + \hat{k} \left\{ \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y \partial x} \right\} \\
&= \hat{i} \cdot 0 + \hat{j} \cdot 0 + \hat{k} \cdot 0 \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

| $\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial y \partial x}$